ORDINANCE NO. 18-13(1)

AN ORDINANCE TO AMEND CHAPTER 13, SOLID WASTE AND RECYCLING, OF THE CODE OF THE COUNTY OF ALBEMARLE, VIRGINIA

BE IT ORDAINED By the Board of Supervisors of the County of Albemarle, Virginia, that Chapter 13, Solid Waste and Recycling, is hereby amended as follows:

By Amending:

- 13-100 Definitions.
- 13-101 Permit required.

By Amending and Renumbering/Renaming:

<u>Old</u>	<u>New</u>	
13-102	13-101	Waste collection and recycling permit application. Permit required.
13-103	13-101	Waste collection and recycling permit expiration. Permit required.
13-104	13-102	Waste collection and recycling permit issuance or denial.
13-105	13-103	Violation and penalty.
13-300	13-200	Dumping waste on public property, a public highway, right-of-way, or on private
		property.
13-301	13-201	Transporting refuse in vehicles.
13-302	13-202	Accumulation, storage, and removal of refuse on private property.
13-303	13-203	Waste collectors to dispose of same at authorized locations.
13-304	13-204	Scavenging.

By Repealing:

13-200	Purpose.
13-200	i uiposc.

- 13-201 Residential and nonresidential source separation of solid waste for purposes of recycling.
- 13-202 Frequency of removal.

ARTICLE I. IN GENERAL Article 1. General Provisions

Sec. 13-100 Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply to this chapter:

(1)-Commingled recyclables. The term "commingled recyclables" means a mixture of several recyclable materials in one container.

Department means the Albemarle County Department of Facilities and Environmental Services.

- (2) Food waste. The term "food waste" means all animal and vegetable solid wastes generated by food facilities, or from residences, that result from the storage, preparation, cooking, or handling of food.
- (3)—Garbage. The term "garbage" means solid waste consisting of decomposable animal and vegetable waste materials resulting from the handling, preparation, cooking, and consumption of food, including waste materials from markets, storage facilities, handling and sale of produce, and other food products.
- (4)—Industrial solid waste. The term "industrial solid waste" means solid waste originating from mechanized manufacturing facilities, factories, refineries, construction and demolition projects, and publicly operated treatment works, and/or solid wastes placed in debris boxes.
- (5) Litter. The term "litter" means solid waste discarded outside the established collection disposal

system.

- (6)—Multi-family dwelling. The term "multi-family dwelling" means a building or portion thereof containing more than two (2) dwelling units and not classified as a one family or two family dwelling nor as a townhouse, with not more than one family occupying each dwelling unit.
- (7)—Nonresidential units. The term "nonresidential units" means commercial buildings or structures, both retail and wholesale, including apartments with more than two dwelling units.
- (8) Person. The term "person" means any natural person, corporation, partnership, association, firm, receiver, guardian, trustee, executor, administrator, fiduciary, or representative or group of individuals or entities of any kind.
- (9)—Processing. The term "processing" means the separation and marketing of recyclable materials.
- (10)—Recyclable materials. The term "recyclable materials" means materials which have been source separated by any person or materials separated from solid waste for the subsequent utilization in both cases as raw material to be manufactured into a new product other than fuel or energy.
- (11)—Recycling. The term "recycling" means the process of separating a given waste material from the waste stream and processing it so that it is used again as a raw material for a product, which may or may not be similar to the original product.
- (12)—Refuse. The term "refuse" means all solid and semiliquid wastes of a community, including garbage, trash, litter, rubbish, ashes, street cleanings, and industrial solid waste, but not including human or agricultural animal body wastes.
- (13)—Residential unit. The term "residential unit" means any housing unit within the ecounty, including single-family dwellings, two-family dwellings, townhouses, and mobile homes. It does not include multifamily dwellings. Occupants of such residential units are referred to as residents.
- (14) Rubbish. The term "rubbish" means nondecomposible solid waste consisting of both combustible and noncombustible waste materials.
- (15)—Sanitary landfill. The term "sanitary landfill" means a disposal facility for solid waste so located, designed and operated that it does not pose a substantial present or potential hazard to human health or the environment.
- (16)—Solid waste. The term "solid waste" means garbage, refuse, sludges, and other discarded solid materials, including those from industrial, commercial, and agricultural operations, and from community activities.
- (17)—Source separation. The term "source separation" means the segregation of various specific materials from the waste stream at the point of generation.
- (18)—Transfer station. The term "transfer station" means a place or facility where waste materials are taken from small collection vehicles and placed in larger transportation units for transport to disposal areas, usually landfills, and where compaction or separation may be an incidental activity.
- (19)—Trash. The term "trash" means dry waste and usually does not include food waste and ashes but may include other organic materials, such as plant trimmings, or material considered worthless, unnecessary, or offensive that is usually thrown away.

Unsightly materials. The term "unsightly materials" means human or agricultural animal body wastes.

(20) Waste. The term "waste" means garbage, trash or other refuse that is discarded, useless, or unwanted.

(21)—Waste collector. The term "waste collector" means all persons engaging in the business of picking up garbage, trash or refuse of any description by truck or other vehicle for the delivery to a sanitary landfill area or other place, for disposal of the same as may be permitted by law. A waste collector shall operate pursuant to a permit issued by the County.

<u>Waste receptacle</u> means watertight metal or plastic receptacles, commonly referred to as 'garbage cans' with a capacity of 32 gallons or less with a tight fitting lid.

(22)—Waste stream. The term "waste stream" means the total flow of solid waste from residences, businesses, institutions, and manufacturing plants that must be recycled, burned, or disposed of in landfills; or any segment thereof, such as the "residential waste stream" or the "recyclable waste stream." The term "waste stream" also means the total waste produced by a community or society, as it moves from origin to disposal.

(Code 1967, § 15-1; 9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-1; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

Sec. 13-101 Permit required.

No person engaged in a business as a refuse remover shall conduct any portion of such operation within the county unless he has a current permit to do so issued by the county pursuant to this article.

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-18; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-930.

Sec. 13-102 Waste collection and recycling permit application.

- A. <u>Permit required</u>. Each person <u>engaged in business as a waste collector</u> is required to obtain a permit pursuant to section 13-301, or to renew an existing permit shall submit a permit application to the <u>dDepartment of engineering and public works</u>. The application shall be made on a form provided by the <u>dDepartment of engineering and public works</u>, and shall require the applicant to provide its name, <u>corporate</u> address, <u>and</u> telephone number, <u>service areas</u>, <u>service times</u>, and <u>location of refuse disposal</u>. <u>The applicant shall sign the application and certify that it has read and understands Chapter 13 of the County Code</u>. and to state generally the areas within the county the applicant proposes to serve.
- B. <u>Permit expiration date</u>. Each permit issued pursuant to this chapter shall expire on June 30 following the date of issue. An application for a new permit shall be submitted, and a permit issued, before the person engages in business as a waste collector as provided in section 13-301.
- C. <u>Permit renewal period.</u> An application to renew an existing permit shall be submitted between June 1 and June 15 of each year.

(§§ 16-19, 16-21; 9-15-93; Code 1988, §§ 16-19, 16-21; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-930.

Sec. 13-103 Waste collection and recycling permit expiration.

Each permit issued pursuant to this chapter shall expire on June 30 following the date of issue. (9-15-93; Code 1988, §16-21; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-930.

Sec. 13-102 104 Waste collection and recycling permit issuance or denial.

- A. <u>Departmental action</u>. A permit for which aAn application has been submitted pursuant to section <u>County Code §</u> 13-102 shall be <u>issued approved</u> or denied by the <u>dDepartment of engineering and public works</u> within <u>fifteen (15)</u> days of <u>after</u> the <u>application</u>'s receipt of such application.
- B. <u>Permit approval</u>. A permit shall be issued if the <u>dD</u>epartment <u>of engineering and public works</u> determines that the application is complete and valid and that the applicant <u>has reasonably and substantially</u> complie<u>sd</u> with all applicable sections of this chapter.
- C. <u>Permit denial.</u> The dDepartment of engineering and public works shall provide an applicant whose permit is denied with a the written statement of the reasons for denial.
- <u>D. Appeal process</u>. Any applicant whose permit application is denied may appeal the Department's decision to the County Executive within 10 days after receipt of the written denial. The County Executive shall hear and decide the applicant's appeal within 10 days after receiving the appeal.

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-20; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-930.

Sec. 13-<u>103</u> 105 Violation and penalty.

- A. Suspension/revocation of permit. The Department shall suspend the permit of any person who violates this article. The Department shall revoke the permit of any person who fails to comply with any requirement of this article within five years after an initial violation of this article. The Department shall mail notice of suspension or revocation to the permittee and shall include in writing the reasons warranting suspension or revocation.
- B. Appeal process. Any person whose permit is suspended or revoked may appeal the Department's decision to the County Executive within 10 days after the suspension or revocation. The County Executive shall hear and decide the appeal within 10 days after receiving the appeal.
- <u>C. Penalty.</u> Any person who operates as a waste collector in the County without a valid permit shall be guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor.

Any person who fails to comply with any requirements of article I or article II of this chapter shall be subject to the following:

A. Any alleged violation will be brought before a committee composed of one representative
of the waste collectors, one citizen representative appointed by the county executive, and a third
representative chosen jointly by the waste collectors and citizen representatives. The committee shall
review the violation from a report of the department of engineering and public works. The alleged
violator shall be provided the opportunity to respond to the alleged violation. The committee shall
determine whether a violation has occurred, and recommend an appropriate enforcement action including,
but not limited to, a recommendation as to whether civil penalties should be pursued.

B. Without limiting the remedies which may be obtained in this section, any person violating or failing, neglecting or refusing to obey any injunction, mandamus or other remedy obtained pursuant to this section shall be subject, in the discretion of the court, to a civil penalty not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100.00) for the first violation, two hundred fifty dollars (\$250.00) for the second

violation, five hundred dollars (\$500.00) for the third violation, seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750.00) for the fourth violation, and one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) for each violation thereafter.

C. With the consent of any person who has violated or failed, neglected or refused to comply with any requirement of these articles, the county may provide in an order issued against such person, for the payment of civil charges for violations in specific sums, not to exceed the applicable limitation specified in paragraph B. These civil charges shall be in lieu of any appropriate civil penalty which could be imposed pursuant to paragraph B.

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-22; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-930.

ARTICLE II. RECYCLING

Sec. 13-200 Purpose.

The purpose of this article is to encourage and promote recycling throughout the county in order to protect limited natural resources for the benefit of its citizens.

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-13; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-928.

Sec. 13-201 Residential and nonresidential source separation of solid waste for purposes of recycling.

The following regulations shall apply to the source separation of solid waste for purposes of recycling:

- A. Each waste collector shall collect recyclable materials identified in paragraph B from county residents choosing to participate, and such collection shall be consistent with the recycling program for which the waste collector provides service.
- B. Each waste collector shall recycle source separated newspaper, magazine, container glass, metal cans, and plastic soda, milk and water containers from residential units. The county will provide for the processing of newspaper and commingled recyclables collected by a waste collector from residential units.
- C. Each waste collector shall offer recycling services to the owner or manager of each multi-family dwelling and apartment complex in the county to which it provides service.
- D. Each waste collector shall make a reasonable effort to promote residential and nonresidential participation in a recycling program.
- E. This article shall not affect the right of any person or entity to sell or otherwise dispose of waste material as provided in Virginia Code § 15.2-933 or permitted under any other law of the commonwealth, nor shall it impose any liability upon any waste collector for failure of its customers to comply with this article.

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-15; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-937.

Sec. 13-202 Frequency of removal.

Each waste collector serving residential units shall collect recyclable materials in accordance with paragraph 13-201(A) either weekly or biweekly.

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-16; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code §§ 15.2-928, 15.2-930.

ARTICLE III. DUMPING, ACCUMULATION, STORAGE, REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Article 2. Dumping, Accumulation, Storage, Removal, and Disposal of Waste

Sec. 13-<u>200</u> 300 Dumping waste on public property, a public highway, right-of-way, or on private property.

- A. <u>Dumping prohibited</u>. It shall be is unlawful for any person to dump or otherwise dispose of refuse or other unsightly matter on public <u>or private</u> property <u>except at a waste collection facility permitted by the Virginia Department of Environmental Quality</u>, including a public highway, right-of-way, <u>or property</u> adjacent to <u>such the</u> highway or right-of-way, <u>or on private property</u> without the written consent of the owner thereof or his agent.
- B. <u>Arrest.</u> When any person is arrested for a violation of this section, and the refuse or other unsightly matter alleged to have been dumped or disposed of has been is ejected from a motor vehicle, the arresting officer may comply with the provisions of Virginia Code § 46.2-936 in making such the arrest.
- C. <u>Rebuttable presumption</u>. When a violation of the provisions of this section <u>is</u> has been observed by any person, and the refuse or other unsightly matter dumped or disposed of has been <u>is</u> ejected or removed from a motor vehicle, the owner or operator of <u>such the</u> motor vehicle <u>shall be is</u> presumed to be the person ejecting or removing of <u>such the refuse or</u> matter. This presumption <u>shall be is</u> rebuttable by competent evidence.
- D. <u>Penalty.</u> Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a <u>class 1</u> misdemeanor. <u>In lieu of confinement in jail, the court may order the defendant to perform a mandatory minimum of 10 hours of community service in litter abatement activities. punishable as provided in section 1–115 of the Code, at the court's discretion, in lieu of a criminal conviction it may permit the person to volunteer his services for a reasonable period of time to remove litter from the highway.</u>

(Code 1988, § 16-2; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code §§ 33.2-802 33.1-346, 33.1-346.1.

Sec. 13-201 301 Transporting refuse in vehicles.

It shall be is unlawful for any person to transport any refuse upon the streets, roads, or highways in the eCounty in a motor vehicle unless the vehicle is constructed or loaded to prevent any of the load, consisting of the refuse and refuse containers, from dropping, sifting, leaking or otherwise escaping therefrom the vehicle. A vehicle may be deemed to be constructed or loaded to prevent the load from dropping, sifting, leaking or otherwise escaping if the refuse is transported in one or more secured covered containers within the vehicle which do not allow sifting, leakage or the escape of refuse therefrom from the vehicle, and each container is loaded in the vehicle in a manner that prevents it from dropping or otherwise escaping from the vehicle. Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor punishable as provided in section 1-115 of the Code.

(Code 1967, § 15-4; 4-17-75; Code 1988, § 16-3; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98; Ord. 01-13(1), 12-5-01)

State law reference--Va. Code § 10.1-1424.

Sec. 13-202 302 Accumulation, storage, and removal of refuse on private property.

The following regulations shall apply to the accumulation, storage and removal of refuse on private property:

- A. <u>Refuse accumulation prohibited.</u> No owner or occupant of any property in the <u>County shall store</u>, accumulate, or dump refuse on <u>such the</u> property in <u>such</u> quantities or in <u>such</u> a manner or for <u>such</u> a period of time as to constitute a nuisance as to be injurious to the health or safety of the <u>public</u>, or which might endanger the health or safety of the <u>County's</u> residents of the county.
- B. <u>Refuse storage</u>. All refuse shall be placed in <u>waste receptacles until</u> <u>watertight containers and be kept covered until transported to a public sanitary landfill or until taken from the property by trash or garbage collectors or otherwise</u> disposed of as provided by law.
- C. <u>Refuse removal</u>. Each owner of property in the <u>eCounty</u> shall, at <u>such the</u> time or times as the <u>bBoard</u> of <u>sSupervisors</u> or its agent may prescribe, remove <u>all refuse</u> from the property any and all refuse which might endanger the health or safety of other residents of the <u>eCounty</u>.
- D. <u>County refuse removal</u>. If the board of supervisors deems it necessary, a fter reasonable notice to the owner of property in the e ounty, the b oard of supervisors or its agent may have such refuse removed which might endanger the health of County residents, and other residents of the county removed by the county's own agents or employees, in which event the removal's cost or expense thereof shall be chargeable to and paid by the owner of such the property and may be collected by the e ounty as taxes are collected
- E. <u>Penalty.</u> Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a <u>class 1</u> misdemeanor punishable as provided in section 1-115 of the Code.

(Code 1967, § 15-6; 11-15-89; Code 1988, § 16-5; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-901.

Sec. 13-203 303 Waste collectors to dispose of same at authorized locations.

It shall be is unlawful for any waste collector to dispose of garbage, trash, or refuse at any location in the ecounty other than at a public sanitary landfill, transfer stations, recycling drop off centers and other locations designated by the ecounty. Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor.

(Code 1967, § 15-5; Code 1988, § 16-4; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

State law reference--Va. Code § 15.2-931.

Sec. 13-204 304 Scavenging.

It shall be <u>is</u> unlawful for any person other than a permitted waste collector, to salvage or otherwise remove any recyclable materials set out for collection by a permitted waste collector. <u>Any person convicted of violating this section shall be guilty of a class1 misdemeanor.</u>

(9-15-93; Code 1988, § 16-17; Ord. 98-A(1), 7-15-98)

Article 3. Recycling (Reserved)