

**County of Albemarle**  
**Guidelines for Implementation  
of the  
Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure  
Act of 2002, as amended**

**Approved:**

**Albemarle County Board of Supervisors, Date**

**Albemarle County School Board, Date**

## **Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

### **I. Introduction**

The Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act of 2002 (Va. Code § 56-575 *et seq.*) (“PPEA”) authorizes the County of Albemarle (the “County”) to enter into public-private partnership agreements to develop needed projects in a more timely or less costly manner. The term “County” includes the Board of Supervisors (“Board”) for General Government projects and the School Board for education projects.

Private entities may include innovative financing methods in their proposals and shall be strictly accountable for their representations and information.

A project must meet the PPEA definition of "qualifying project" in Appendix A.

These guidelines are intended to supplement, and enable the County to comply with, PPEA’s requirements. They shall govern all County PPEA projects, including those for education facilities, and shall apply to all County agencies, boards, commissions, and committees. If these guidelines and the PPEA conflict, the terms of the PPEA control.

### **II. Requests for County Approval**

#### **A. Unsolicited, Competing, and Solicited Proposals**

A private entity must obtain the County’s approval for PPEA projects or services. *See* Va. Code §§ 56-575.3(A); 56-575.4. The private entity may seek the County’s approval by submitting one of three types of proposals.

If the County has not issued a Request for Proposals (RFP), the private entity may submit an **unsolicited proposal** for approval. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.4(A).

If the County receives an unsolicited proposal, it shall review the proposal and decide whether to accept the unsolicited proposal for further consideration. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.3(C). If the County decides to

accept the unsolicited proposal for further consideration, the County shall publish notice of the unsolicited proposal and seek **competing proposals** from other private entities. *See* Va. Code § 56-375.3:1(B)(11).

The County may seek PPEA proposals by issuing a RFP. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.4(B). If the County has issued a RFP, a private entity may submit a proposal which shall be treated as a **solicited proposal**.

## **B. Invitations to Bid**

The private entity may also seek the County’s approval by responding to a County Invitation to Bid. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.4(B). The County may accept a responsive bid and enter into a Comprehensive Agreement using the competitive sealed bidding procedures of the Virginia Public Procurement Act. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.16(1).

## **C. Choice of Procedures**

For PPEA projects, the County shall determine whether to use procedures consistent with competitive sealed bidding or with competitive negotiation of “other than professional services.” *See* Va. Code § 56-575.16(2). If the County elects not to use competitive sealed bidding for a PPEA project, the Purchasing Agent shall state in writing the reasons for using competitive negotiation before (1) the County issues a RFP in accordance with Part II(A) or (2) the Board accepts an unsolicited proposal for consideration in accordance with Part IV(A)(3).

## **D. Working Group**

The Purchasing Agent shall designate a PPEA working group (the “Working Group”) to evaluate proposals.

For General Government projects, the Working Group shall include the Purchasing Agent and persons appointed by the County Executive.

**Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

For education projects, the Working Group shall include the Purchasing Agent and representatives of Albemarle County Public Schools designated by the Superintendent of Schools (“Superintendent”).

If a project includes construction, the Working Group shall also include a licensed architect or engineer, the Director of Facilities Planning and Construction (or designee) and the Director of Building Services.

The Purchasing Agent shall serve as the chair of the Working Group, shall administer these guidelines, and shall receive and respond to inquiries and proposals.

The Working Group will consult with, and make recommendations to, the County Executive for General Government projects and to the Superintendent for education projects.

After consulting with the County Executive or the Superintendent, the Working Group shall engage the services of qualified professionals to provide independent analysis of the specifics, advantages, disadvantages, and the long- and short-term costs of proposals. These professionals may include a cost estimator, architect, professional engineer, or certified public accountant not employed by the County. However, the Board or the School Board may determine that such analysis other than cost estimation shall be performed by County employees. *See Va. Code § 56-575.3:1(C)(1).*

**III. Proposals**

**A. General Proposal Requirements**

Whether solicited, competing, or unsolicited, each proposal shall be clearly identified as a “PPEA PROPOSAL.” Proposals should be prepared simply and economically and provide a concise description of the proposer’s capabilities to complete the proposed project and the benefits to the County. The County will consider project benefits occurring during the construction, renovation, expansion, or improvement phases as well as the life cycle of the

project. Proposals also should include a comprehensive scope of work and a financial plan for the project with enough detail for the County to properly analyze the financial feasibility of the proposed project. The proposal shall identify each facility, building, infrastructure, or improvement included in the proposal. The Purchasing Agent may request any information that clarifies or supplements a proposal.

For solicited proposals, proposers should submit the number of copies required by the RFP to the Purchasing Agent. For unsolicited and competing proposals, proposers shall submit one original and eight copies along with the applicable fee to the Purchasing Agent.

## **B. Proposal Review Fees**

The PPEA authorizes the County to charge fees to cover the costs of processing, reviewing, and evaluating proposals, including reasonable attorney's fees and fees for financial, technical, and other advisors or consultants.

**Solicited Proposals.** When the County issues a RFP soliciting PPEA proposals, proposers are not required to submit an initial consideration fee. If a solicited proposal is advanced for detailed review, the proposer shall pay the detailed review fee in the Fee Schedule below.

**Unsolicited and Competing Proposals.** For unsolicited and competing proposals, proposers shall pay the following fees:

1. An initial consideration fee paid with certified funds shall accompany any unsolicited proposal, in accordance with the Fee Schedule below. The initial consideration fee shall be based on the estimated total cost of the proposed project.
2. If the County accepts an unsolicited proposal for consideration and seeks competing proposals, competing proposers are not required to pay the initial consideration fee.

3. If an unsolicited or competing proposal is advanced to the detailed review phase, a detailed review fee based on the estimated total cost of the proposed project shall accompany the proposer’s detailed proposal. The detailed review fee shall be paid with certified funds.

**FEE SCHEDULE:**

<b>Review Phase</b>	<b>Fee</b>	<b>Minimum</b>	<b>Maximum</b>
Initial Consideration	1%	\$2,500.00	\$25,000.00
Detailed	1%	\$5,000.00	\$50,000.00

4. The County Executive is authorized to refund all or part of these proposal review fees to all proposers during the initial consideration or detailed review phases.

**C. Required Information in Solicited Proposals**

The RFP shall specify the information that must accompany each solicited proposal and the factors to be used in evaluating proposals. The Purchasing Agent shall post the RFP in public areas normally used for posting of the County’s notices, including the County’s procurement website. The Purchasing Agent may also publish notice of the RFP in newspapers or other publications of general circulation. Pre-proposal conferences may be held as the Purchasing Agent deems appropriate.

Solicited proposals shall address and meet all requirements of the RFP.

**D. Required Information in Unsolicited and Competing Proposals**

Unsolicited proposals and competing proposals shall contain the information required in Appendix B. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.4(A).

**IV. Consideration of Unsolicited Proposals and Solicitation of Competing Proposals**

- A. After receipt and review of an unsolicited proposal, the Working Group shall recommend whether to accept the unsolicited proposal for consideration. The Working Group may request additional information from the proposer prior to making its recommendation.
1. If an unsolicited proposal is for a General Government facility or services, the County Executive shall receive the Working Group's recommendation and shall recommend to the Board whether the unsolicited proposal should be accepted for consideration.
  2. If an unsolicited proposal is for an education facility or services, the Superintendent shall receive the recommendation of the Working Group and shall recommend to the School Board whether the proposal should be accepted for consideration. If the School Board recommends acceptance of the unsolicited proposal for consideration, the County Executive shall forward the School Board's recommendation to the Board along with his recommendation about whether the Board should accept the unsolicited proposal for consideration.
  3. The Board shall make the final decision on whether to accept an unsolicited proposal for consideration. If the Board accepts the proposal for consideration, it shall specify the time period between 90 and 120 days during which competing proposals may be submitted after the Purchasing Agent posts notice of its decision as provided in IV(B) below. If the Board rejects an unsolicited proposal that purports to develop specific cost savings, the Board shall specify the basis for rejection. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.3(D).
  4. The Purchasing Agent shall return any unsolicited proposal not accepted for consideration, together with the initial consideration fee and accompanying documentation, to the private entity.

**Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

- B. If the Board decides to accept an unsolicited proposal for consideration, the Purchasing Agent shall post a notice within 10 days of the Board’s decision on the County’s procurement website and in a public area regularly used by the County for posting of public notices. The notice shall be posted for at least 90 days. The Purchasing Agent may also publish the notice in one or more newspapers or periodicals of general circulation in the County.
  
- C. The notice shall state that the County (i) has accepted an unsolicited proposal for consideration, (ii) intends to further evaluate the unsolicited proposal, and (iii) will accept for simultaneous consideration any competing proposals that comply with these guidelines and the PPEA. The notice also shall summarize the proposed project and identify its proposed locations.
  
- D. Interested parties may submit competing proposals within the time period specified by the Board and listed in the notice. Competing proposals shall provide the information required for unsolicited proposals in Appendix B.

**V. Posting and Inspection of Submitted Proposals**

Within 10 days of the County’s acceptance of an unsolicited proposal for consideration and within 10 days of the County’s receipt of a solicited proposal or a competing proposal, the Purchasing Agent shall post the proposal on the County’s procurement website. The Purchasing Agent shall also make at least one copy of each proposal available for public inspection.

However, trade secrets, financial records, or other records of the proposer excluded from disclosure under state law shall not be posted or made available for public inspection unless the County and private entity agree otherwise. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.17(A)(2).

The Purchasing Agent may publish a summary of the proposals and the location where a copy of the proposals is available for public inspection on



the County's procurement website and in one or more newspapers or periodicals of general circulation in the County.

## **VI. Consideration of Proposals**

The Working Group shall review solicited proposals, accepted unsolicited proposals, and competing proposals using the criteria listed in Appendix D. The Working Group shall recommend in writing one of the five actions listed below to the County Executive for General Government proposals or to the Superintendent for education proposals. Upon receipt of the Working Group's recommendation, the County Executive or Superintendent shall determine:

- (i) not to proceed further with any proposal;
- (ii) to proceed to the detailed review phase with the original unsolicited proposal;
- (iii) to proceed to the detailed review phase with a competing proposal;
- (iv) to proceed to the detailed review phase with a solicited proposal;  
or
- (v) to proceed to the detailed review phase with multiple proposals.

The Purchasing Agent shall give written notice to all proposers of the decision of the County Executive or Superintendent in writing.

## **VII. Detailed Review Phase**

If the County Executive or Superintendent decide to proceed to the detailed review phase, the Purchasing Agent's written notice to proposers shall establish a reasonable deadline for submission of detailed proposals based upon the complexity of the project. The required information for detailed

proposals is listed in Appendix C. The Purchasing Agent’s notice may require additional information in the detailed proposals.

Each proposer shall submit an original and eight copies of its detailed proposal along with the detailed review fee to the Purchasing Agent.

The Working Group shall evaluate each detailed proposal using the criteria listed in Appendix D. After the Working Group has reviewed the detailed proposals, it shall make its recommendations to the County Executive or the Superintendent.

For General Government proposals, the Board shall receive the County Executive’s recommendation and hold a public hearing on the detailed proposals. For education proposals, the School Board shall receive the Superintendent’s recommendation and hold a public hearing on the detailed proposals. The public hearing shall be held at least 30 days before execution of an Interim or Comprehensive Agreement.

After the public hearing, the Board or School Board shall determine by resolution:

- (i) not to proceed further with any proposal;
- (ii) to defer a decision until it has received additional information from one or more proposers; or
- (iii) to proceed to the negotiation phase with one or more proposers.

## **VIII. Negotiation Phase**

### **A. Negotiations**

If the Board or School Board agrees to proceed to the negotiation phase, the Working Group shall begin negotiations with one or more proposers on a Comprehensive Agreement. If desirable or necessary, the Working Group may also negotiate an Interim Agreement while the Comprehensive

Agreement is being negotiated. The negotiations shall be based on the detailed proposals that were the subject of the public hearing at the end of the detailed review phase.

The private entity must enter into a Comprehensive Agreement with the County prior to developing or operating the project.

**B. Duration of Negotiation Phase**

The County anticipates that the negotiation phase may last three months or longer for simple projects and six months or longer for more complex projects.

**IX. Posting and Filing of Proposed Agreements**

Once the negotiation phase for an Interim or a Comprehensive Agreement is complete, but before an Interim or a Comprehensive Agreement is executed, the Purchasing Agent shall post the negotiated agreement on the County’s purchasing website or on the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of General Services' central electronic procurement website for at least 10 days.

In addition, the Purchasing Agent may publish a summary of the negotiated agreement and the location where copies of the negotiated agreement are available for public inspection in a newspaper of general circulation in the County.

The Purchasing Agent shall make at least one copy of the negotiated agreement available for public inspection. Trade secrets, financial records, or other records of the private entity excluded from disclosure under the provisions of Va. Code § 2.2-3705.6(11) shall not be required to be posted, except as otherwise agreed to by the County and the private entity.

## **X. Interim Agreement**

Prior to, or in connection with, the negotiation of the Comprehensive Agreement, the County may enter into an Interim Agreement with the private entity. The Interim Agreement may (i) permit the private entity to commence and be compensated for initial activities related to the qualifying project, such as project planning and development, design and engineering, environmental analysis and mitigation, surveying, and ascertaining the availability of financing for the proposed facilities or services; (ii) establish the process and timing of the negotiation of the Comprehensive Agreement; and (iii) contain other provisions related to the development or operation of a qualifying project. *See Va. Code § 56-575.9:1.*

The Board must review, and by Board resolution authorize the County Executive to execute, an Interim Agreement for General Government projects. The Board must review, and by Board resolution authorize the School Board to execute, an Interim Agreement for education projects. *See Va. Code §§ 56-576.16(5); 56-575.3:1(C)(2).*

## **III. Comprehensive Agreement**

The Comprehensive Agreement shall include the components listed in Appendix E and other terms agreed to by the parties. Any changes in the Comprehensive Agreement shall be made by written amendment.

The Board must review, and by Board resolution authorize the County Executive to execute, a Comprehensive Agreement for General Government projects. The Board must review, and by Board resolution authorize the School Board to execute, a Comprehensive Agreement for education projects. *See Va. Code §§ 56-576.16(5); 56-575.3:1(C)(2).*

Within 30 days after the County enters into a Comprehensive Agreement, the Purchasing Agent shall submit a copy to the Commonwealth of Virginia's Auditor of Public Accounts.

**XII. Posting of Procurement Records**

Once an Interim or Comprehensive Agreement has been executed, the Purchasing Agent shall make procurement records available for public inspection upon request. Procurement records shall not include trade secrets of the private entity or financial records of the private entity that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.17(D).

**APPENDIX A. General Provisions**

**1. Qualifying Projects**

PPEA projects must meet the statutory definition of "qualifying project" which includes public buildings and facilities, including:

- (i) An education facility, including a school building, any functionally-related and subordinate facility to a school building (including any stadium or other facility primarily used for school events), and any depreciable property for use in a public school facility;
- (ii) A building or facility that meets a public purpose and is developed or operated by or for a public entity;
- (iii) Improvements and equipment to enhance public safety and security of buildings principally used by a public entity;
- (iv) Utility, telecommunications, and other communications infrastructure;
- (v) A recreational facility;
- (vi) Technology infrastructure, services, and applications, including automated data processing, word processing and management information systems, and related equipment, goods, and services;
- (vii) Services to increase the productivity or efficiency of the responsible public entity through technology or other means;
- (viii) Technology, equipment, or infrastructure to deploy wireless broadband services to schools, businesses, or residential areas;
- (ix) Necessary or desirable improvements to unimproved publicly-owned real estate; or
- (x) A solid waste management facility that produces electric energy derived from solid waste.

## **2. Virginia Freedom of Information Act**

Generally, proposal documents submitted by private entities are subject to the Virginia Freedom of Information Act (Va. Code § 2.2-3700 *et seq.*) (“FOIA”).

In accordance with Va. Code § 2.2-3705.6(11)(b), proposal documents are subject to disclosure if requested, except to the extent that they relate to (i) trade secrets of the private entity; (ii) financial information of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (iii) other information submitted by the private entity, where, if such information was made public prior to the execution of an Interim Agreement or a Comprehensive Agreement, the financial interest or bargaining position of the County or private entity would be adversely affected. The private entity must invoke this exception in accordance with Va. Code § 2.23705.6(11)(b).

Va. Code § 56-575.4(G) imposes an obligation on the County to protect confidential proprietary information submitted by a private entity. When the private entity requests that the County not disclose information, the private entity must make a written request to the County:

1. Invoking the exclusion upon submission of the data or other materials to the County;
2. Identifying with specificity the data or other materials for which protection is sought; and
3. Stating the reasons why protection is necessary.

The County is only authorized and obligated to protect confidential proprietary information. The County will not protect any portion of a proposal from disclosure if the entire proposal has been designated confidential by the proposer without reasonably differentiating between the proprietary and non-proprietary information contained therein.

**Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

Upon timely receipt of a request that designated portions of a proposal be protected from disclosure as confidential and proprietary, the Purchasing Agent shall determine whether the requested exclusion from disclosure is necessary to protect the trade secrets or financial information of the private entity. The Purchasing Agent will send the proposer a written determination of the nature and scope of the protection.

To protect other information submitted by the private entity from disclosure, the Purchasing Agent shall determine whether public disclosure prior to the execution of an Interim Agreement or Comprehensive Agreement would adversely affect the financial interest or bargaining position of the County or the private entity. In accordance with Va. Code § 56-575.4(G), the Purchasing Agent shall take appropriate action to protect confidential and proprietary information provided by the private entity pursuant to an agreement under Va. Code § 2.2-3705.6(11).

Upon a final determination by the Purchasing Agent to afford less protection than requested by the proposer, the proposer will be afforded an opportunity to withdraw its proposal. A proposal so withdrawn will be treated in the same manner as a proposal not accepted for consideration.

Once an Interim Agreement or Comprehensive Agreement has been entered into, the County will make the procurement records available upon request in accordance with Va. Code § 2.2-4342. Such procurement records shall include documents protected from disclosure during the negotiation phase on the basis that the release of such documents would have an adverse effect on the financial interest or bargaining position of the County or private entity in accordance with Va. Code § 2.2-3705.6(11)(b)(iii). Such procurement records shall not include (i) trade secrets of the private entity; (ii) financial information of the private entity, including balance sheets and financial statements, that are not generally available to the public through regulatory disclosure or otherwise; or (iii) other information submitted by the private entity where if such information was made public prior to the execution of an Interim Agreement or Comprehensive Agreement, the financial interest or bargaining position of the County or the private entity would be adversely affected.



### **3. Reservation of Rights**

The County shall administer these guidelines in accordance with the PPEA and shall have the right to:

1. Terminate evaluation of a proposal or to reject a proposal at any time for any reason. Proposers shall have no recourse against the County for such termination or rejection. Proposers will be notified in writing of the County's rejection of their proposal.
2. Suspend or terminate negotiations with a proposer before execution of an Interim Agreement or Comprehensive Agreement.
3. Request revisions of, and negotiate with proposers about, provisions in a proposal.
4. Request or obtain additional information about any proposal.
5. Issue addenda to or cancel any request for proposals or invitation to bid.
6. Revise, supplement, or withdraw any part of these guidelines.
7. Modify the Fee Schedule in these guidelines for a specific project or for all future projects.
8. Keep review fees required by these guidelines unless an unsolicited proposal is not accepted by the County.
9. Submit one or more proposals for review by outside consultants or advisors selected by the County without notice to the proposer. Such consultants or advisors shall be required to maintain the confidentiality of information that has been designated as confidential and to refer all requests for confidential information to the County.

The County shall not be liable for, or reimburse, the costs incurred by proposers in developing proposals or in negotiating agreements. Any information the County makes available to proposers shall be provided

solely as a convenience to the proposer and without representation or warranty of any kind. Proposers may not rely upon any oral responses to inquiries. If a proposer has a question regarding application of these guidelines, the proposer must submit the question in writing to the Purchasing Agent, and the County will respond in writing as it determines appropriate.

**4. Use of Public Funds**

Interim Agreements and Comprehensive Agreements are subject to all Virginia constitutional and statutory requirements and County of Albemarle County Code provisions governing the expenditure of public funds.

**5. Applicability of Other Laws**

Nothing in the PPEA shall affect the duty of the County to comply with all other applicable laws not in conflict with the PPEA. The applicability of the Virginia Public Procurement Act (Va. Code § 2.2-4300 *et seq.*) is as set forth in the PPEA.

**APPENDIX B. Required Information for Unsolicited and Competing Proposals**

1. Qualifications and Experience

- a. Identify the legal structure, *i.e.*, type of business entity, of the firm or consortium of firms making the proposal. Identify the organizational structure for the project, the management approach, and how each partner and major subcontractor (\$1 million or more) in the structure fits into the overall team. Identify all members of the private entity's team, including major subcontractors known to the proposer, at the time a proposal is submitted for the conceptual phase. State the status of the applicable Virginia license of each partner, proposer, contractor, and major subcontractor.
- b. Describe the experience of the firm or consortium of firms making the proposal and the key principals involved in the proposed project. Include experience with projects of comparable size and complexity and prior experience bringing similar projects to completion on budget and in compliance with design, land use, service and other standards. Describe the length of time in business, business experience, public sector experience, and other engagements of the firm or consortium of firms. Describe the past safety performance record and current safety capabilities of the firm or consortium of firms. Describe the past technical performance history on recent projects of comparable size and complexity, including disclosure of any legal claims or litigation by or against the firm or consortium of firms. Identify any firms that will provide design, construction, and completion guarantees and warranties and a description of such guarantees and warranties.
- c. For each firm or major subcontractor (\$1 million or more) that will be utilized in the project, provide a statement listing all of the firm's prior projects and clients for the past five years and their contact information. If a firm has worked on more than 10 projects during this period, it may limit its prior project list to 10 but shall first list all projects similar in scope and size to the proposed project and then list its most recent projects. Each firm or major subcontractor shall be required to submit all performance evaluation reports or other documents in its possession evaluating the firm's performance during

**Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

the preceding three years in terms of cost, quality, schedule maintenance, safety, and other matters relevant to successful project development, operation, and completion.

- d. Provide the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of persons within the firm or consortium of firms who may be contacted for further information.
- e. Provide a current or most recent audited financial statement of the firm or consortium of firms and the financial statement of each partner with an equity interest of 10 percent or greater.
- f. Identify any persons known to the proposer who would be obligated to disqualify themselves from participation in any transaction arising from or in connection to the project pursuant to the Virginia State and Local Government Conflict of Interests Act (Va. Code § 2.2-3100 *et seq.*) (“COIA”).
- g. Identify the proposed plan for obtaining sufficient numbers of qualified workers in all trades or crafts required for the project.
- h. For each firm or major subcontractor that will perform construction or design activities, provide the following information:
  - (1) A sworn certification by an authorized representative of the firm attesting to the fact that the firm is not currently debarred or suspended by any federal, state or local government entity.
  - (2) A completed qualification statement that reviews all relevant information regarding technical qualifications and capabilities, firm resources, and business integrity of the firm, including bonding capacities, insurance coverage, and firm equipment. This statement shall also include a mandatory disclosure by the firm for the past five years any of the following:
    - (A) bankruptcy filings
    - (B) claims for liquidated damages
    - (C) fines, assessments or penalties
    - (D) judgments or awards in contract disputes

- (E) contract defaults, contract terminations
- (F) license revocations, suspensions, other disciplinary actions
- (G) debarments or suspensions by a governmental entity
- (H) denials of prequalification
- (I) findings of non-responsibility
- (J) safety performance issues, including fatality incidents, “Experience Modification Rating,” “Total Recordable Injury Rate” and “Total Lost Workday Incidence Rate”
- (K) violations of any federal, state or local criminal or civil law
- (L) criminal indictments or investigations
- (M) claims filed by or against the firm

- i. Worker safety programs: Describe worker safety training programs, job-site safety programs, accident prevention programs, written safety and health plans, including incident investigation and reporting procedures.

## 2. Project Characteristics

- a. Provide a topographic map (1:2000 or other appropriate scale) indicating the location of the qualifying project.
- b. Provide a description of the proposed project, including the conceptual design, in sufficient detail so that type and intent of the project, its location, and the communities that may be affected are clearly identified.
- c. Identify any facility, building, infrastructure, or improvement included in a proposal as part of a qualifying project specifically or conceptually.
- d. Identify and fully describe any work to be performed by the County and the timeline for its performance.
- e. Include a list of all federal, state, and local permits and approvals required for the project and a schedule for obtaining such permits and approvals.

- f. Identify any anticipated adverse social, economic, and environmental impacts of the project. Specify the strategies or actions to mitigate known or anticipated adverse impacts of the project. Indicate if any environmental or archaeological assessment has been completed.
- g. Identify the projected positive social, economic, and environmental impacts of the project.
- h. Identify the proposed schedule for the work on the project, including sufficient time for the County to review the proposal and plans, and the estimated time for completion.
- i. Identify contingency plans for addressing public needs if the project is not completed according to projected schedule.
- j. Propose allocation of risk and liability for work completed beyond the Comprehensive Agreement's completion date and assurances for timely completion of the project.
- k. State assumptions related to ownership, legal liability, and operation of the project and the existence of any restrictions on the County's use of the project.
- l. Provide information about phased or partial openings of the proposed project prior to completion of the entire work.
- m. List other assumptions relied on or any contingencies that must occur for the project to be successful.

### 3. Project Financing

- a. Provide a preliminary estimate and estimating methodology of the cost of the work by phase, segment, or both.
- b. Submit a plan for the development, financing, and operation of the project showing the anticipated schedule on which funds will be required. Describe the anticipated costs of and proposed sources and

uses for such funds. Include any supporting due diligence studies, analyses or reports.

- c. Include a list and discussion of assumptions underlying all major financial elements of the plan.
- d. Identify the proposed risk factors and methods for dealing with these factors.
- e. Identify any local, state, or federal resources that the proposer contemplates requesting for the project. Describe the total commitment, if any, expected from governmental sources and the timing of any anticipated commitment, both one-time and ongoing.

#### 4. Project Benefit and Compatibility

- a. Identify community benefits, including the economic impact the project will have on the County and local community in terms of amount of tax revenue to be generated for the County, the number of jobs generated for County residents, the level of pay and fringe benefits of such jobs, the training opportunities for apprenticeships and other training programs generated by the project, and the number and value of subcontracts generated for County subcontractors.
- b. Identify any anticipated public support or opposition, as well as any anticipated government support or opposition, for the project.
- c. Explain the strategy and plan to involve and inform the general public, business community, local governments, and governmental agencies in areas affected by the project.
- d. Describe the compatibility of the project with local, regional, and state economic development efforts.
- e. Describe the compatibility with the local comprehensive plan, infrastructure development plans, and capital improvement program.

**APPENDIX C. Required Information for Detailed Review Proposals**

1. For a proposed construction project, construction plans and specifications that are at least 50% complete, as determined by the County.
2. Conceptual site plan indicating proposed location and configuration of the project on the proposed site. Any facility, building, infrastructure, or improvement included in a proposal as part of a qualifying project shall be identified specifically or conceptually.
3. Conceptual (single line) plans and elevations depicting the general scope, appearance, and configuration of the proposed project.
4. Detailed description of the proposed participation of, use by, and financial involvement of the County.
5. List of public facilities or other public improvements required of the County to complete the project.
6. Statement of the plans for securing all necessary real property interests, such as easements, rights-of-way, etc., for the project. The statement must include the names and addresses, if known, of the current owners of the necessary property and the location of any property the proposer requests the County to condemn.
7. Detailed listing of all firms that will provide design, construction, and completion guarantees and warranties, and a brief description of the guarantees and warranties.
8. Total life-cycle costs, methodology, assumptions of the project, and the proposed project start date. The life-cycle cost analysis should include a detailed analysis of the projected return, rate of return, or both; the expected useful life of the facilities; and estimated annual operating expenses. The information should also include each party's anticipated commitment; equity, debt, and other financing mechanisms; and a schedule of project revenues and project costs.



**Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

9. Detailed discussion of assumptions about user fees or rates and about usage of the project.
10. Identification of known government or public support or opposition for the project. Government or public support should be demonstrated through resolutions of government departments or boards, minutes of meetings, letters, or other official communications.
11. Demonstration of consistency with the County’s comprehensive plan or a schedule of the steps necessary to amend the comprehensive plan.
12. Description of an ongoing evaluation system to track key performance criteria, including schedules, cash management, quality, worker safety, change orders, and legal compliance.
13. Identification of any known conflicts of interest or other factors that may impact consideration of the proposal, including the identification of persons who would be obligated to disqualify themselves from participation in any transaction in connection to the project because of COIA.
14. Acknowledgement of conformance with the Ethics in Public Contracting provisions of Va. Code §§ 2.2-4367 through 2.2-4377.
15. Additional information requested by the County.

## **APPENDIX D. Proposal Evaluation Criteria**

In addition of any criteria listed in a Request for Proposals, the County will consider the following items in its evaluation of PPEA proposals.

### **A. Qualifications and Experience**

Factors to be considered in determining whether the proposer possesses the requisite qualifications and experience include:

1. Professional qualifications and experience with similar projects;
2. Demonstrated ability to perform the work;
3. Demonstrated record of successful past performance, including timeliness of project delivery, compliance with plans and specifications, quality of workmanship, cost-control and project safety;
4. Demonstrated conformance with applicable laws, codes, standards, regulations, and agreements on past projects;
5. Leadership structure;
6. Project manager's experience;
7. Management approach;
8. Project staffing plans, the skills levels of the proposed workforce, and the proposed safety plans for the project; and
9. Financial condition of the proposer.

### **B. Project Characteristics**

Factors to be considered in evaluating the project characteristics include:

1. Project definition;

2. Proposed project schedule;
3. Operation of the project after completion;
4. Technological and technical feasibility;
5. Conformity to state and County laws, regulations, and standards;
6. Environmental impacts;
7. Condemnation impacts;
8. State and local permits; and
9. Maintenance of the project after completion.

### **C. Project Financing**

Factors to be considered about the proposed project financing include:

1. Cost and economic benefit to the County;
2. Financing, including debt source, and its impact on the debt or debt burden of the County;
3. Financial plan, including overall feasibility and reliability of plan; default implications; degree to which proposer has conducted due diligence investigation; maintenance and operational costs after completion; and
4. Life-cycle cost analysis.

### **D. Project Benefit and Compatibility**

Factors to be considered in determining the proposed project's compatibility with the County's long-term development goals and objectives include the following:

**Guidelines — Public-Private Education Facilities and Infrastructure Act [Revision Date]**

1. Community benefits, including the economic impact the project will have on the County in terms of amount of tax revenue generated for the County, the number of jobs generated for area residents, the level of pay and fringe benefits of such jobs, and the number and value of subcontracts generated for area subcontractors;
2. Community support or opposition, or both;
3. Public involvement strategy;
4. Compatibility with existing and planned facilities;
5. Compatibility with County, regional, and state economic development efforts; and
6. Compatibility with the County's land use and transportation plans.

**APPENDIX E. Required Components of Comprehensive Agreement**

1. Delivery of maintenance, performance, and payment bonds or letters of credit in connection with the development or operation of the qualifying project, in the forms and amounts satisfactory to the County and in compliance with Va. Code § 2.2-4337 for those components of the qualifying project that involve construction;
2. Review and approval of plans and specifications for the qualifying project by the County;
3. County's inspection of the qualifying project to ensure the private entity's compliance with the Comprehensive Agreement;
4. Maintenance of liability insurance or self-insurance reasonably sufficient to insure coverage of the project and the tort liability to the public and employees and to enable the continued operation of the qualifying project;
5. County's monitoring of the practices of the private entity to ensure proper maintenance of the qualifying project;
6. Terms under which the private entity will reimburse the County for County services, if any;
7. Policy and procedures governing the rights and responsibilities of the parties if the Comprehensive Agreement is terminated or there is a material default by the private entity. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.9(A)(8);
8. Filing of appropriate financial statements by private entity on a periodic basis;
9. User fees, lease payments, or service payments as may be established upon agreement of the parties. Any payments or fees shall be the same for persons using the facility under like conditions and shall not materially discourage use of the qualifying project;

- a. A copy of any service contract shall be filed with the County; and
  - b. A schedule of the current user fees or lease payments shall be made available by the private entity to any member of the public upon request.
10. Any grants from, or loans by, the County from amounts received from federal, state, or local government sources;
  11. Incorporation of the duties of the private entity from the PPEA;
  12. Certification by the private entity and its team members that all material representations, information, and data provided in connection with a proposal are true and correct. If material changes occur with respect to any representations, information or data provided for a proposal, the private entity shall immediately notify the County. Any violation of this section of the Comprehensive Agreement by the private entity shall give the County the right to terminate the agreement, withhold payment or other consideration due, and seek any other remedy available under the law;
  13. Requirement for the written approval of the County for the private entity to substitute or replace identified team members, including major subcontractors performing over \$1 million of work;
  14. The date for the commencement of activities related to the qualifying project. *See* Va. Code § 56-575.4(F); and
  15. Other requirements of the PPEA or terms that the County determines serve the public interest, such as liquidated damages and reporting of SWAM and Tier 2 data.